

A LONG GUIDE FOR WRITING NOTICES TO THE GOVERNMENT

Questions to answer for working on your notice:

1. What is my intent for giving notice?
2. What is the specific issue I want to educate my elected officials on?
3. Can what I am noticing about be evidenced by law in any of the state constitutions, and by using maxims of law or equity?
4. Is there any public law (law passed by Congress) that is specific to this issue that supports the federal and state agencies in their efforts to uphold the laws in the constitutions?
5. What is the part of the Virginia (or your state) constitution, or the federal constitution that supports your grievance? You will need to cite the specific article and section. You will need one for each statement you make in your notice (see question ___ for further clarification).
6. What is positive law? What is non-positive law?
<https://search.brave.com/search?q=non+positive+law+vs.+positive+law&source=desktop&summary=1&conversation=b24122f5abd0dc0ef2e49d>
7. What definition(s) in Black's Law (4th or 5th Edition is best) for supporting each statement in your notice? Again, you will want to use one or two that you can find that apply.
8. What maxims of law can I use to support each of my statements in my notice? (See Maxims of Law and Equity documents in the files)
9. Using the answers to your questions above, now you will need to come up with at least 10 points that you want to cite in your notice. Each one will need at least one lawful backing (maxim of law or reference, definition from Black's Law, and articles from the federal or state constitution to back it up). You can

reference the “Affidavits_Notices” folder in the files for pointers. You can also refer to the sample notice at the bottom of this document.

- Please take notice that...
- Please take notice that...
- Please take notice that....
- Please take notice that....
- Please take notice that....

...and so on. Please see the example notice at the end of this document for further examples of how to word your statements. This is where you will make your statement, and then cite your lawful evidence. (Again – see the sample notice at the end of this document.)

Online Resources – these are only suggested places to start. You can use other online resources:

Office of the Law Revision Counsel – United States Code

- This site is where information for the US Code is held and explains how that office’s counsel codifies law (or doesn’t codify it, depending on what is lawful). 😊 Read the 2nd link to understand better what I mean.
- <https://uscode.house.gov/browse/frontmatter/organiclaws&edition=prelim> – this link is the website that shows the organic laws that the United States follows. This is where the buck stops. If you find it here, you can use it in any of your notices. (Notice the organic laws are the constitutions [federal and state] and other founding documents. They trump all other ‘codes and statutes.’)
- <https://uscode.house.gov/codification/legislation.shtml;jsessionid=AC4DB4177C3BCCB2EC6923605959AAE6> – Positive Law codification

The following state constitutions are those which David Jose has sighted in his webinars and notices. Remember – articles from any state constitution can be used for any state – they cross borders:

Virginia Constitution

- https://ballotpedia.org/Virginia_Constitution

Michigan Constitution

- https://ballotpedia.org/Michigan_Constitution

Arizona Constitution

- https://ballotpedia.org/Arizona_Constitution

Massachusetts Constitution

- https://ballotpedia.org/Massachusetts_Constitution

Election Fraud

- This site is a very good one for anyone wanting to give notice about election fraud – it was set up in 2021 for Arizona...this is how the People there organized giving notice about their elections: <https://www.affidavitmommas2021.com/>

**SAMPLE NOTICE – THIS WAS SHARED BY DAVID JOSE FROM WHEN HE NOTICED
THE SCOTUS in 2021 RE: OUR 2ND AMENDMENT RIGHTS**

To: SCOTUS

To: Congress: Jim Jordan

To: Atty General

To: Joe Biden

From:

**Notice and Demand to Cease and Desist from Attacking the People's Right to Protect
Themselves and the States**

I, _____, one of the People (as seen in the 50 State Constitutions),
Sui Juris, do present you with this notice that you and your agents may provide due care;

Please take notice that the People have taken the time to do the proper study to be able to
come together in mass across the nation and deal with matters of the common good and wish
to address your attempts to use legislative fiat to attack the People's rights;

Please take notice that Congress has no authority to interfere with the People's right to have
weapons they deem necessary for defense (see authorities below);

Maxim 9f. It is a liberty of free citizens to retain arms for their protection and according to their
condition. *People v. Horton*, 264 N.Y.S. 84, 88.

Please take notice that the People have a guaranteed and absolute right to have the weapons
necessary to preserve themselves and condition and there can be absolutely no possible
authority for any legislature to make a rule, ban or statute that would go against any right of the
People, without express written consent (see evidence below);

Miranda v. Arizona, 384 U.S. 436 (1966) page 491

Where rights secured by the Constitution are involved, there can be no rulemaking or legislation
which would abrogate them.

Please take notice that writing ambiguous laws under the Commerce Clause to deal with Interstate commerce and international commerce has nothing to do with the common rights of The people, derivative from the common law, that you swore as Trustees to protect as a condition for receiving employment as the People's Servants;

Maxim: 9d. Laws are silent amidst arms. 4 Inst. 70.

Please take notice that as a maxim, you swore to never attack the rights of the People, therefore, the people know and realize that your statutes are not against private use of the People or their associations;

Maxim: 9b. Under the name of arms are included not only shields and swords and helmets, but also clubs and stones. Co. Litt. 162.

Please take notice that as "The People," we understand that you don't dictate what weapons are okay for us. You may have enjoyed attorneys who have helped to write statutes without jurisdiction and vague to allow for theft of jurisdiction, as a possibility for decades, but the people have now become educated and are no longer willing to allow servants to act outside authority delegated;

**Missouri Constitution Bill of Rights Text of Section 23:
Right to Keep and Bear Arms- Exception**

That the right of every citizen to keep and bear arms, ammunition, and accessories typical to the normal function of such arms, in defense of him home, person, family and property, or when lawfully summoned in aid of the civil power, shall not be questioned, The rights guaranteed by this section shall be unalienable. Any restriction to these rights shall be subject to strict scrutiny and the state of Missouri shall be obligated to uphold these rights and shall under no circumstances decline to protect against their infringement. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the general assembly from enacting general laws which limit the rights of convicted violent felons or those duly adjudged mentally infirm by a court of competent jurisdiction.

Please take notice that you as agents of the United States, have made contracts with all states and agreed that these rights were inherent in the People nationwide (see evidence below);

Virginia Constitution Bill of Rights, Text of Section 13; Militia; Standing Armies; Military Subordinate to Civil Power

That a well-regulated militia, composed of the body of the people, trained to arms, is the proper, natural, and safe defense of a free state, therefore, the

right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed; that standing armies, in time of peace, should be avoided as dangerous to liberty; and that in all cases the military should be under strict subordination to, and governed by, the civil power. (Emphasis by underline added):

Michigan Constitution Declaration of Rights

Text of Section 6: Bearing of Arms

Every person has a right to keep and bear arms for the defense of himself and the state.

Please take notice that the People understand your limited powers granted to the Federal Constitution in regards to Interstate Commerce and Foreign Commerce, in Article 1 Section 8 of the United States Constitution and would like to believe that you are not presenting this “gun ban” as an attempt to block the power of People to lawfully buy weapons of their choosing, as the original intent of the Legislature, as shown in your own State declares the same (see evidence below):

Public Law 90-618

Title I-State Firearms Control Assistance October 22, 1968, Purpose, Section 101

The Congress hereby declares that the purpose of this title is to provide support to Federal, State, and local law enforcement officials in their fight against crime and violence, and It is not the purpose of this title to place any undue or unnecessary Federal restrictions or burdens on law-abiding citizens with respect to acquisition, possession, or use of firearms appropriate to the purpose of hunting, trapshooting, target shooting, personal protection, or any other lawful activity, and that this title is not intended to discourage or eliminate the private ownership or use of firearms by law-abiding citizens for lawful purposes, or provide for the imposition by Federal regulations of any procedures of requirements other than those reasonably necessary to implement and effectuate the provisions of this title. (Emphasis by highlight and underline added.)

**THIS IS NOT THE END OF THE ACTUAL NOTICE. IT GOES ON...BUT IS OFFERED
HERE AS AN EXAMPLE**

**TO ACCESS MORE EXAMPLES OF NOTICES, VISIT OUR WEBSITE AND CLICK ON
THE “EXERCISE YOUR SELF-GOVERNANCE” TAB**